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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/882,777	06/14/2001	James E. Audia	002010-685	1280
7:	590 02/04/2003			
Gerald F. Swiss, Esq. BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P. P.O. Box 1404			EXAMINER	
			KIFLE, BRUCK	
Alexandria, VA	Alexandria, VA 22313-1404		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1624	
			DATE MAILED: 02/04/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. 09/882,777

Applicant(s)

Audia et al.

Office Action Summary

Examiner

Bruck Kifle, Ph.D. Art Unit

1624



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the correspondence address			
Period f	for Reply				
THE N	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In a date of this communication.	TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the			
- If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any re	period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the	and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Nov 25, 2	2002			
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) 🗓 This act	ion is non-final.			
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance eclosed in accordance with the practice under Ex particle.	except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is rte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposi	tion of Claims				
4) 🗶	Claim(s) 63-109	is/are pending in the application.			
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5) 🗌	Claim(s)	is/are allowed.			
6) 💢	Claim(s) 63-109	is/are rejected.			
7) 🗌	Claim(s)	is/are objected to.			
8) 🗆	Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.			
Applica	tion Papers				
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) \square accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d	rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) \square approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.			
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t	to this Office action.			
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) 🗌	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign pr	riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:				
,	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents have	e been received in Application No			
	application from the International Burea				
_	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	·			
14) 📙	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic				
a) ∟ 15) □					
_	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. 33 120 and/or 121.			
Attachmo	tice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).			
	tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).10 & 11	6) Other:			

Art Unit: 1624

Applicant's amendments and remarks filed 11/25/02 have been received and reviewed.

Claims 63-109 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 63-109 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The end of claims 63, 64 and 109 reads "and salts thereof." This is improper Markush languages which requires the alternatives to be claimed. The way the claims are presented the salts are always required to be present. The phrase "or salts thereof" is suggested.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in-
- (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or
- (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).

Claims 64 and 109 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Fritz et al. (US 6,200,969). The claim reads on compounds on Figures 4 and 5 of the reference.

Art Unit: 1624

Claim 64 and 109 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gyorkos et al. (US 5,618,792). The claims read on compounds of RN 204326-24-9 of the reference (see attached CAS abstract and structures).

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 64 and 109 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Karanewsky et al. (US 5,968,927). The claims read on compounds of the reference. See compounds on cols. 17-19 and Examples 1-34 (see also attached CAS abstract and structures).

Claim 64 and 109 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by De Lombaert (US 5,644,055). The claims read on several compounds of the reference. (see attached CAS abstract and structures).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 1624

Claim 63 and 109 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Karanewsky et al (US 5,968,927). The reference teaches a generic group of compounds which embraces applicants' claimed compounds (See cols 2-3, compounds of formula (I) and definitions for A). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to select any of the species of the genus taught by the reference, including those instantly claimed, because the skilled chemist would have the reasonable expectation that any of the species of the genus would have similar properties and, thus, the same use as taught for the genus as a whole. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to select the claimed compounds from the genus in the reference since such compounds would have been suggested by the reference as a whole. It has been held that a prior art disclosed genus of useful compounds is sufficient to render prima facie obvious a species falling within a genus. *In re Susi*, 440 F.2d 442, 169 USPQ 423, 425 (CCPA 1971), followed by the Federal Circuit in *Merck & Co. v. Biocraft Laboratories*, 847 F.2d 804, 10 USPQ 2d 1843, 1846 (Fed. Cir. 1989).

The prior art considerations in this case has been limited to the independent claims because copious amount of art was found.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bruck Kifle whose telephone number is (703) 305-4484.

Art Unit: 1624

The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 308-4556 or (703) 305-3592. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

January 31, 2003

Bruck Kifle
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1624